UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE **SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported) March 3, 2009

<u>Culp, Inc.</u> (Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

North Carolina

0-12781

56-1001967

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation)

(Commission File Number)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1823 Eastchester Drive High Point, North Carolina 27265

(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

(336) 889-5161

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Not Applicable

(Former name or address, if changed from last report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):

□ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

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Forward Looking Information. This report and the exhibits hereto contain statements that may be deemed "forwardlooking statements" within the meaning of the federal securities laws, including the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 27A of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934). Such statements are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties. Further, forward-looking statements are intended to speak only as of the date on which they are made. Forward-looking statements are statements that include projections, expectations or beliefs about future events or results or otherwise are not statements of historical fact. Such statements are often but not always characterized by qualifying words such as "expect," "believe," "estimate," "plan" and "project" and their derivatives, and include but are not limited to statements about the company's future operations, production levels, sales, SG&A or other expenses, margins, gross profit, operating income, earnings or other performance measures. Factors that could influence the matters discussed in such statements include the level of housing starts and sales of existing homes, consumer confidence, trends in disposable income, and general economic conditions. Decreases in these economic indicators could have a negative effect on the company's business and prospects. Likewise, increases in interest rates, particularly home mortgage rates, and increases in consumer debt or the general rate of inflation, could affect the Company adversely. Changes in consumer tastes or preferences toward products not produced by the Company could erode demand for the Company's products. Strengthening of the U.S. dollar against other currencies could make the Company's products less competitive on the basis of price in markets outside the United States, and strengthening of currencies in Canada and China can have a negative impact on the Company's sales in the U.S. of products produced in those countries. Also, economic and political instability in international areas could affect the company's operations or sources of goods in those areas, as well as demand for the company's products in international markets. Also, the level of success in integrating the acquisition of assets from Bodet & Horst will affect the company's ability to meet its profitability goals. Finally, unanticipated delays or costs in executing restructuring actions could cause the cumulative effect of restructuring actions to fail to meet the objectives set forth by management. Other factors that could affect the matters discussed in forwardlooking statements are included in the company's periodic reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including the "Risk Factors" section in the company's most recent annual report of Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 9, 2008 for the fiscal year ended April 27, 2008.

Item 2.02 - Results of Operations and Financial Condition

On March 3, 2009, the Company issued a news release to announce its financial results for the third quarter ended February 1, 2009. The news release is attached hereto as Exhibit 99(a).

Also on March 3, 2009, the Company released a Financial Information Release containing additional financial information and disclosures about the Company's third quarter ended February 1, 2009. The Financial Information Release is attached hereto as Exhibit 99(b).

The news release and Financial Information Release contain disclosures about free cash flow, a non-GAAP performance measure, that management believes provides useful information to investors because it measures the Company's available cash flow for potential debt repayment, stock repurchases and additions to cash and cash equivalents. In addition, the news release and Financial Information Release contain proforma income statement information, which reconciles reported and projected income statement information with proforma results, which exclude restructuring and related charges. The Company has included this proforma information in order to show operational performance excluding the effects of restructuring and related charges. Management believes this presentation aids in the comparison of financial results among comparable financial periods. In addition, this information is used by management to make operational decisions about the Company's business, is used in certain financial covenants in the Company's loan agreements, and is used by the Company as a financial goal for purposes of determining management incentive bonuses.

Item 9.01 (d) - Exhibits

99(a) News Release dated March 3, 2009

99(b) Financial Information Release dated March 3, 2009

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

CULP, INC. (Registrant)

- By: <u>/s/ Kenneth R. Bowling</u> Chief Financial Officer (principal financial officer)
- By: <u>/s/ Thomas B. Gallagher, Jr.</u> Corporate Controller (principal accounting officer)

Dated: March 3, 2009

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number

<u>Exhibit</u>

99(a)News Release dated March 3, 200999(b)Financial Information Release dated March 3, 2009

Culp Announces Results for Third Quarter Fiscal 2009

HIGH POINT, N.C.--(BUSINESS WIRE)--March 3, 2009--Culp, Inc. (NYSE: CFI) today reported financial and operating results for the third quarter and nine months ended February 1, 2009.

Highlights for the third quarter include the following:

- Net sales were \$44.6 million, 26 percent lower than the third quarter of the prior year, with mattress fabric segment sales of \$25.2 million, down 18 percent, and upholstery fabrics segment sales of \$19.4 million, down 35 percent.
- Pre-tax income was \$794,000, before restructuring items, compared with \$1.4 million in the prior year. Including restructuring items in both periods, third quarter pre-tax income was \$17,000 compared with \$643,000 in the same period of last year.
- Net loss was \$450,000, or (\$0.04) per share, compared with net income of \$903,000, or \$0.07 per share in the prior year quarter. The current quarter included income tax expense of \$467,000, while the prior year's quarter included a tax benefit of \$260,000, both principally due to foreign currency exchange in the company's Canadian operation.
- Cash flow from operations was \$7.9 million for the third quarter and \$14.8 million for the nine month year-to-date period. This compares with \$14.8 million for the nine month period of last year. This year's performance is due to consistent profitability in mattress fabrics and excellent working capital management in both segments. Key measures for working capital, such as days' sales in receivables and inventory turnover, continue to improve, even with lower sales volume.
- Mattress fabrics achieved continued profitability during the third quarter, with operating income of \$2.2 million, and operating margins exceeding the third quarter of last year, despite an unprecedented sharp decline in industry demand for bedding.
- We successfully completed the integration of the \$11.0 million acquisition of the knitted mattress fabrics operation of Bodet & Horst USA in August 2008.
- Upholstery fabrics results showed a substantial turnaround, with a \$51,000 operating profit for the third quarter, reversing a \$1.4 million operating loss in the first quarter of this fiscal year, while facing an extraordinary drop in furniture industry demand.
- Our financial position strengthened significantly during the third quarter, with cash building to \$15.8 million and total debt reduced to \$28.1 million. For the quarter, total debt less cash (net debt) was \$12.3 million compared with net debt of \$23.7 million at the end of the second quarter. This large decrease resulted from strong third quarter cash flow and the sale and lease back of the corporate office building during the quarter. During the fourth quarter, the company expects to make a \$7.1 million scheduled principal payment, reducing debt to \$21.0 million by fiscal year end.
- Including the scheduled debt payment in the fourth quarter of \$7.1 million, the company will have paid off approximately \$31 million in total debt over the last two fiscal years.
- The fourth quarter projection is for overall sales to decrease by 25-30 percent, with mattress fabric sales off 13-18 percent and upholstery fabrics sales down 35-40 percent. Industry demand in both segments is very challenging. However, bedding appears to be faring better than furniture. Pre-tax income, before restructuring items, is expected to be in the range of \$1.2 to \$2.0 million. Restructuring items are estimated to approximate \$100,000 in the fourth quarter.

Overview

For the three months ended February 1, 2009, net sales were \$44.6 million, down 26.3 percent compared with \$60.5 million a year ago. The company reported a net loss of \$450,000, or \$0.04 per diluted share for the third quarter of fiscal 2009, compared with net income of \$903,000, or \$0.07 per diluted share, for the third quarter of fiscal 2008. On a pre-tax basis, the company reported income of \$17,000, compared with pre-tax income of 643,000 for the third quarter of fiscal 2008. The pre-tax results for the third quarter of fiscal 2009 included non-cash restructuring and related charges of approximately \$504,000 related to fixed assets and inventories, and cash charges of \$273,000 in restructuring and related charges pertaining to asset disposal costs and lease and employee terminations, both in the upholstery fabrics segment. Excluding these charges in both periods, the company reported pre-tax income of \$794,000 for the third quarter of fiscal 2009, compared with pre-tax income of \$1.4 million for the third quarter of fiscal 2008. (A reconciliation of pre-tax income has been set forth on Page 6.)

For the nine months ended February 1, 2009, the company reported net sales of \$ 156.2 million compared with \$190.0 million for the same period a year ago. Net loss for the first nine months of fiscal 2009 was \$40.5 million, or \$3.20 per diluted share, compared with net income of \$3.3 million, or \$0.26 per diluted share, for the same period last year. This net loss included a \$30.5 million non-cash charge through the third quarter for the establishment of a valuation allowance against all of the company's deferred tax assets. On a pre-tax basis, the company reported a loss of \$9.1 million, compared with pre-tax income of \$3.4 million for the first nine months of fiscal 2009 included non-cash restructuring and related charges of approximately \$11.5 million related to fixed assets and inventories and cash charges of \$1.5 million in restructuring and related charges pertaining to asset disposal costs and lease and employee terminations, both in the upholstery fabrics segment. Excluding these charges in both periods, pre-tax income for the first nine months of fiscal 2009 was \$3.9 million, compared with pre-tax income of \$5.7 million for the first nine months of fiscal 2008.

Frank Saxon, chief executive officer of Culp, Inc., said, "We are pleased with our solid execution through what has been and continues to be an extremely challenging business environment. While our sales reflect the sharp decline in discretionary consumer spending, especially for furniture, we believe we have effectively managed our operations with a leaner and more agile operating platform. Our upholstery fabrics sales have been the hardest hit by the economic downturn, but this segment was still profitable in the third quarter as a result of the successful implementation of our profit improvement plan. The mattress fabrics business has been much steadier through the economic downturn, and we had continued margin improvement compared with the prior year period.

"Considering the challenging environment, we have been very focused on our working capital management and, as a result, we generated almost \$8 million in cash flow from operations in the third quarter, bringing the year to date total to almost \$15 million. Our financial position has greatly improved this quarter and we believe we have a strong competitive position in both mattress fabrics and upholstery fabrics. More importantly, Culp continues to represent a stable and reliable supplier for our customers."

Mattress Fabrics Segment

Mattress fabric sales for the third quarter were \$25.2 million, an 18 percent decline compared with \$30.9 million for the third quarter of fiscal 2008. Mattress fabric sales represented 57 percent of total company sales for the quarter, compared with 51 percent a year ago. On a unit volume basis, total yards sold decreased by 20 percent compared with the third quarter of fiscal 2008. The average selling price of \$2.46 per yard for the third quarter of fiscal 2009 was slightly higher than \$2.42 per yard for same period a year ago, reflecting a shift in product mix toward more knitted and other specialty fabrics. Operating income for this segment was \$2.2 million, or 8.9 percent of sales, compared with \$2.6 million, or 8.5 percent of sales, for the prior-year period.

"The mattress fabrics business had a solid quarter as bedding products continued to outperform other durable consumer product categories in this difficult business environment," said Saxon. The mattress business is driven much more by replacement purchases and consumer need, and is not closely related to housing demand, which is the primary driver of our upholstery fabrics business. Our mattress fabrics operations are running well as we have now successfully completed the integration of the knitted mattress fabrics operation of Bodet & Horst USA, or B&H, and are beginning to realize the incremental value of this \$11.0 million investment, made in August 2008. This acquisition has significantly enhanced our strong service platform for our customers. Earlier in this fiscal year, we also completed a \$5.0 million capital project to significantly strengthen our woven mattress fabrics manufacturing operations and provide further reactive capacity for servicing our customers. With these investments in place and contributing, we are well positioned with a large and modern, vertically integrated manufacturing platform in the major product categories of the mattress fabrics industry. We believe we have a solid leadership position in this business, and our strategic focus continues to be providing our customers with outstanding delivery performance, quality, innovation and value."

Upholstery Fabrics Segment

Sales for this segment, which include both fabric and cut and sewn kits, were \$19.4 million, a 35 percent decline compared with \$29.6 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2008. Total fabric yards sold declined by 38 percent, while average selling prices were approximately two percent lower than the third quarter of fiscal 2008. Sales of cut and sewn kits were up 28 percent over the same period last year. Upholstery fabrics sales reflect continued weak demand industry wide, especially for U.S. produced upholstery fabrics, driven by imported furniture and fabrics. Sales of non-U.S. produced fabrics were \$15.4 million in the third quarter, down 24 percent over the prior year period, while sales of U.S. produced fabrics were \$4.0 million, down 57 percent from the third quarter of fiscal 2008. Operating income for the upholstery fabrics segment for the third quarter of fiscal 2009 was \$51,000, reversing the operating losses of \$1.4 million and \$804,000 in the first and second quarters, respectively. Operating income was \$395,000 in upholstery fabrics for the same period a year ago.

"The implementation of our profit improvement plan has gone well and we are already realizing the benefits of our actions," Saxon noted. "The consolidation of our China operations has had measurable impact, and we now expect to realize annual savings of over \$3.0 million. Additionally, for the third quarter of fiscal 2009, selling, general and administrative, or SG&A, expenses in upholstery fabrics were down 33 percent, or \$3.6 million on an annual basis, over the third quarter a year ago. Further, the upholstery fabrics division has contributed substantially to our strong cash flow this year through outstanding working capital management, especially with inventories. Inventory levels have been lowered to \$10.1 million, a 52% decrease from the year end level of \$20.8 million. Inventory turnover has improved 20% in a declining sales environment. As a result of our aggressive actions this year and in previous years, we have established a very lean and agile platform with our China operation and our one remaining U.S. facility. We believe we have significantly minimized operating risk in our upholstery fabrics business by pursuing a strategy to dramatically lower the capital invested and transition to a highly variable cost model.

"We have had to make a number of very difficult decisions in this business this fiscal year. However, as a result of these actions and those in previous years, we remain cautiously optimistic about our longer term prospects in the upholstery fabrics business because of the following: (a) we have been receiving significantly higher fabric placements, including cut and sew kits, with a broader base of key customers; (b) a declining and weakening set of competitors in the U.S. and in China; (c) we have established a mature and scalable model in China that is vertically integrated by way of a network of key manufacturing partners that we have developed over several years; and (d) the results achieved to date from our profit improvement plan. These are all favorable indicators for improving results over the long term as the eventual recovery in demand for furniture takes place," said Saxon.

Balance Sheet

"We have been diligent in our efforts to strengthen our financial position and generate cash flow in this very weak and highly uncertain environment," added Saxon. "Notably, at the end of the third fiscal quarter, our balance sheet reflected \$15.8 million in cash, compared with \$8.5 million at the end of the second fiscal quarter. We generated \$14.8 million in cash flow from operations through the first nine months of fiscal 2009 which compares with \$14.8 million in the first nine months of last year. This reflects consistent profitability in mattress fabrics and substantial improvement in working capital management, especially inventories, which were down by over \$12.5 million, or 33 percent, since the third quarter of fiscal 2008. Our financial position has strengthened considerably during this fiscal year and is providing us with an important competitive advantage in light of the challenges facing our industry."

On January 29, 2009, the company completed the sale of its corporate headquarters building located in High Point, North Carolina, to a local business partnership for a purchase price of \$4.0 million. Pursuant to the terms of the sale, Culp will reduce its ongoing occupancy costs by leasing the existing space from the new owners for the next three years with renewal options at that time. The proceeds were used to retire \$4.0 million of the \$6.1 million outstanding mortgage loan and the remaining balance is now part of the company's unsecured long-term debt and is due in June 2010.

Total debt, which includes current maturities of long term debt and long term debt, was \$28.1 million at the end of the third quarter, including the \$11.0 million unsecured term loan added in the second quarter for the B&H acquisition, compared with \$33.4 million a year ago. In early February, the company also made a \$4.0 million pre-payment on its \$7.1 million principal payment due in March, reducing our total debt to \$24.1 million. Following the remaining \$3.1 million payment due in March, Culp's total debt will be \$21.0 million at the end of fiscal 2009. The next scheduled principal payment is \$7.1 million due in March 2010. All of Culp's debt is now unsecured. In addition, the company has a \$6.5 million unsecured line of credit in the U.S. with no borrowings outstanding and a \$4.0 million unsecured line of credit in China with no outstanding borrowings.

Outlook

Commenting on the outlook for the fourth quarter of fiscal 2009, Saxon remarked, "We expect the prevailing economic uncertainties and issues surrounding the housing and credit crises will continue to unfavorably affect consumer demand for furniture and, to a lesser extent, bedding products.

"We expect sales in our mattress fabrics segment to be down approximately 13 to 18 percent for the fourth quarter. Even with the lower sales, operating income margin in this segment is expected to approximate last year's fourth quarter operating margin.

"In our upholstery fabrics segment, we expect sales to be down approximately 35 to 40 percent for the fourth quarter, due primarily to very weak demand in the retail furniture business, especially for U.S. produced fabrics. A portion of this decrease is due to the discontinuation of certain product lines over the past year; primarily in U.S. produced decorative fabrics. In spite of considerably lower expected sales, we believe the upholstery fabric segment's results will reflect performance in the range of breakeven to a moderate operating loss, due to the profit improvement plans and significant reductions in SG&A.

"Considering these factors, we expect to report pre-tax income in the fourth quarter in the range of \$1.2 to \$2.0 million, excluding restructuring and related charges. With the volatility and substantial charges in the income tax area during this fiscal year, the income tax expense or benefit and related tax rate for the fourth quarter are too uncertain to estimate. We currently expect to have restructuring charges of approximately \$100,000 in the fourth fiscal quarter. Including the restructuring and related charges, the company expects to report pre-tax income for the fourth fiscal quarter of 2009 in the range of \$1.1 million to \$1.9 million. (A reconciliation of the projected income before taxes has been set forth on Page 6.) This is management's best estimate at present, recognizing that future financial results are difficult to predict because of the severe economic uncertainties, the difficulties facing the upholstery fabrics and mattress fabrics industries, and the internal changes underway within the company. The actual results will depend primarily upon the level of demand throughout the quarter," said Saxon.

In closing, Saxon remarked, "We believe we have positioned Culp to continue to operate effectively through this challenging period. We have created a lean, low-capital business model that is commensurate with current demand levels and also positions us very well when the industry eventually recovers. We believe we are the market leader in both of our business segments, and we have the financial strength necessary to sustain our position. We believe there are opportunities to further develop our mattress fabrics business with our improved manufacturing platform in both woven and knit product categories and our strong focus on delivering exceptional customer service. Although business conditions in the retail furniture industry are very difficult, we are confident that we will continue to successfully confront our near-term challenges and pursue the opportunities before us, especially when demand improves. Above all, we are focused on execution for our customers as a financially stable and reliable source of innovative products, delivery performance and quality."

About the Company

Culp, Inc. is one of the world's largest marketers of mattress fabrics for bedding and upholstery fabrics for furniture. The company's fabrics are used principally in the production of bedding products and residential and commercial upholstered furniture.

This release contains statements that may be deemed "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the federal securities laws, including the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 27A of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934). Such statements are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties. Further, forwardlooking statements are intended to speak only as of the date on which they are made. Forward-looking statements are statements that include projections, expectations or beliefs about future events or results or otherwise are not statements of historical fact. Such statements are often but not always characterized by qualifying words such as "expect," "believe," "estimate," "plan" and "project" and their derivatives, and include but are not limited to statements about the company's future operations, production levels, sales, SG&A or other expenses, margins, gross profit, operating income, earnings or other performance measures. Factors that could influence the matters discussed in such statements include the level of housing starts and sales of existing homes, consumer confidence, trends in disposable income, and general economic conditions. Decreases in these economic indicators could have a negative effect on the company's business and prospects. Likewise, increases in interest rates, particularly home mortgage rates, and increases in consumer debt or the general rate of inflation, could affect the company adversely. Changes in consumer tastes or preferences toward products not produced by the company could erode demand for the company's products. Strenathening of the U.S. dollar against other currencies could make the company's products less competitive on the basis of price in markets outside the United States and strengthening of currencies in Canada and China can have a negative impact on the company's sales in the U.S. of products produced in those countries. Also, economic and political instability in international areas could affect the company's operations or sources of goods in those areas, as well as demand for the company's products in international markets. Also, the level of success in integrating the acquisition of assets from Bodet & Horst will affect the company's ability to meet profitability goals. Finally, unanticipated delays or costs in executing restructuring actions could cause the cumulative effect of restructuring actions to fail to meet the objectives set forth by management. Other factors that could affect the matters discussed in forward-looking statements are included in the company's periodic reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including the "Risk Factors" section in the company's most recent annual report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and *Exchange Commission on July* 9th, 2008 for fiscal year ended April 27, 2008.

CULP, INC. Condensed Financial Highlights (Unaudited)

		Three Mor	Ended	Nine Months Ended			
	1	February 1, 2009	J	anuary 27, 2008	February 1, 2009		January 27, 2008
Net sales	\$	44,592,000	\$	60,482,000 \$	156,176,000	\$	190,048,000
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$	17,000	\$	643,000 \$	(9,096,000)	\$	3,412,000
Net income (loss)	\$	(450,000)	\$	903,000 \$	(40,538,000)	\$	3,307,000
Net income (loss) per share:							
Basic	\$	(0.04)	\$	0.07 \$	(3.20)	\$	0.26
Diluted	\$	(0.04)	\$	0.07 \$	(3.20)	\$	0.26
Income before income taxes, excluding restructuring and related charges and impairment charges*	\$	794,000	\$	1,417,000 \$	3,946,000	\$	5,691,000
Average shares outstanding:							
Basic		12,653,000		12,635,000	12,650,000		12,617,000
Diluted		12,653,000		12,738,000	12,650,000		12,770,000

*Excludes restructuring and related charges of \$777,000 for the third quarter of fiscal 2009. Excludes restructuring and related charges of \$13.0 million for the first nine months of fiscal 2009.

Excludes restructuring and related charges of \$774,000 for the third quarter of fiscal 2008. Excludes restructuring and related charges of \$2.3 million for the first nine months of fiscal 2008.

CULP, INC.

Reconciliation of Income (Loss) before Income Taxes as Reported to Pro Forma Income before Income Taxes

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended				Nine Months			Ended
	Fe	ebruary 1, 2009	January 27, 2008			February 1, 2009		January 27, 2008
Income (loss) before income taxes, as reported Restructuring and related charges	\$ \$	17,000 777,000	\$ \$	643,000 774,000		(9,096,000) 13,042,000	\$ \$	3,412,000 2,279,000
Pro forma income before income taxes	\$	794,000	\$	1,417,000	\$	3,946,000	\$	5,691,000

Reconciliation of Projected Range of Income before Income Taxes to Projected Range of Pro Forma Income before Income Taxes

(Unaudited)

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Projected range of income before income taxes Projected restructuring and related charges Projected range of pro forma income before income taxes

CONTACT: Culp, Inc. Kenneth R. Bowling, Chief Financial Officer, 336-881-5630

CULP, INC. FINANCIAL INFORMATION RELEASE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE THREE MONTHS AND NINE MONTHS ENDED FEBRUARY 1, 2009 AND JANUARY 27, 2008 (UNAUDITED) (Amounts in Thousands, Except for Per Share Data)

		THREE MONTHS ENDED										
		Am	nounts				Percent of Sales					
	_	February 1, 2009	January 2 2008	27,	% Over (Under)	February 2009	1,	January 27, 2008				
Net sales Cost of sales	\$	44,592 38,843	5	0,482 3,706	(26.3) % (27.7) %	87	.0 % .1 %	100.0 % 88.8 %				
Gross profit		5,749		6,776	(15.2) %	12	.9 %	11.2 %				
Selling, general and administrative expenses Restructuring expense Income from operations	_	4,676 402 671		5,117 412 1,247	(8.6) % (2.4) % (46.2) %	0	.5 % . <u>9</u> % .5 %	8.5 % 0.7 % 2.1 %				
Interest expense Interest income Other expense (income) Income before income taxes		646 (20) 28 17		753 (77) (72) 643	(14.2) % (74.0) % <u>138.9 %</u> (97.4) %	1 (0 0	.4 % .0) % .1 % .0 %	1.2 % (0.1) % (0.1) % 1.1 %				
Income taxes* Net (loss) income	\$	467 (450)		(260) 903	N.M. N.M.	N.M (1	1. .0) %	(40.4) % 1.5 %				
Net (loss) income per share-basic Net (loss) income per share-diluted Average shares outstanding-basic Average shares outstanding-diluted		(\$0.04) (\$0.04) 12,653 12,653		0.07 0.07 2,635 2,738	N.M. N.M. 0.1 % (0.7) %							

	NINE MONTHS ENDED											
		Am	ounts				Percent of Sales					
	_	February 1, 2009		January 27, 2008		Over nder)	February 1, 2009		January 27, 2008			
Net sales	\$	156,176		190,048		(17.8) %	100.0		100.0 %			
Cost of sales		139,879		165,794		(15.6) %	89.6	%	87.2 %			
Gross profit		16,297		24,254		(32.8) %	10.4	%	12.8 %			
Selling, general and administrative expenses Restructuring expense (Loss) income from operations		14,498 9,438 (7,639)		17,275 759 6,220		(16.1) % N.M. N.M.	9.3 6.0 (4.9)	%	9.1 % 0.4 % 3.3 %			
Interest expense		1,739		2,380		(26.9) %	1.1		1.3 %			
Interest income		(75)		(197)		(61.9) %	(0.0)		(0.1) %			
Other (income) expense		(207)		625		N.M.	(0.1)		0.3 %			
(Loss) income before income taxes		(9,096)		3,412		N.M.	(5.8)	%	1.8 %			
Income taxes* Net (loss) income	\$	31,442 (40,538)	_	105 3,307		N.M. N.M.	N.M. (26.0)	%	3.1 % 1.7 %			
Net (loss) income per share-basic Net (loss) income per share-diluted Average shares outstanding-basic Average shares outstanding-diluted		(\$3.20) (\$3.20) 12,650 12,650	\$ \$	0.26 0.26 12,617 12,770		N.M. N.M. 0.3 % (0.9) %						

* Percent of sales column for income taxes is calculated as a % of (loss) income before income taxes.

CULP, INC. FINANCIAL INFORMATION RELEASE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS FEBRUARY 1, 2009, JANUARY 27, 2008 AND APRIL 27, 2008 Unaudited (Amounts in Thousands)

	Amou	ints	Incre	ase	
	February 1,	January 27,	(Decre	ease)	* April 27,
	2009	2008	Dollars	Percent	2008
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,809	15,500	309	2.0 %	4,914
Accounts receivable	14,219	23,370	(9,151)	(39.2) %	27,073
Inventories	25,376	37,923	(12,547)	(33.1) %	35,394
Deferred income taxes		5,376	(5,376)	(100.0) %	4,380
Assets held for sale	1,681	4,972	(3,291)	(66.2) %	5,610
Income taxes receivable	_,	423	(423)	(100.0) %	438
Other current assets	1,493	995	498	50.1 %	1,328
Total current assets	58,578	88,559	(29,981)	(33.9) %	79,137
		20.010	<i>(</i> – , –)	(22.4).0/	22.020
Property, plant & equipment, net	24,763	32,218	(7,455)	(23.1) %	32,939
Goodwill	11,593	4,114	7,479	181.8 %	4,114
Deferred income taxes	-	25,993	(25,993)	(100.0) %	29,430
Other assets	2,922	2,442	480	19.7 %	2,409
Total assets	\$ 97,856	153,326	(55,470)	(36.2) %	148,029
Current liabilities	¢ 7.100	0 5 60	(1.200)	(16.2). 0/	E 265
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 7,180	8,569	(1,389)	(16.2) %	7,375
Current portion of obligation under a capital lease	692	-	692	100.0 %	-
Lines of credit	-	2,783	(2,783)	(100.0) %	-
Accounts payable - trade	10,947	18,312	(7,365)	(40.2) %	21,103
Accounts payable - capital expenditures	725	724	1	0.1 %	1,547
Accrued expenses Accrued restructuring	5,592 1,215	10,422	(4,830)	(46.3) %	8,300 1,432
Income taxes payable - current	1,215	1,875	(660) 1,469	(35.2) % 100.0 %	1,432
Total current liabilities	27,820	42,685	(14,865)	(34.8) %	39,907
Total current liabilities	27,820	42,085	(14,805)	(34.8) %	39,907
Accounts payable - capital expenditures	912	-	912	100.0 %	1,449
Income taxes payable - long-term	747	4,497	(3,750)	(83.4) %	4,802
Deferred income taxes	1,213	-	1,213	100.0 %	1,464
Obligation under capital lease	107	-	107	100.0 %	-
Long-term debt, less current maturities	20,933	22,026	(1,093)	(5.0) %	14,048
Total liabilities	51,732	69,208	(17,476)	(25.3) %	61,670
Shareholders' equity	46,124	84,118	(37,994)	(45.2) %	86,359
Total liabilities and					
shareholders' equity	\$ <u>97,856</u>	153,326	(55,470)	(36.2) %	148,029
Shares outstanding	12,768	12,635	133	1.1 %	12,648
Sharee Outstanding	12,700			1.1 /0	

* Derived from audited financial statements.

CULP, INC. FINANCIAL INFORMATION RELEASE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED FEBRUARY 1, 2009 AND JANUARY 27, 2008 Unaudited (Amounts in Thousands)

		NINE MONTHS	ENDED
		Amounts	
	I	February 1, 2009	January 27, 2008
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net (loss) income	\$	(40,538)	3,307
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash			
provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation		5,756	4,264
Amortization of other assets		350	280
Stock-based compensation		306	520
Excess tax benefit related to stock options exercised		-	(21)
Deferred income taxes		33,573	73
(Gain) loss on sale of equipment		(51)	256
Restructuring expenses, net of gain on sale of related assets		7,960	123
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisition of business:		10.054	C 140
Accounts receivable Inventories		12,854	6,140
Other current assets		11,457 (183)	2,707 829
Other assets		26	(128)
Accounts payable		(11,448)	(3,716)
Accrued expenses		(2,746)	1,651
Accrued restructuring		(217)	(1,483)
Income taxes		(2,298)	16
Net cash provided by operating activities		14,801	14,818
······································			, <u> </u>
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Capital expenditures		(1,719)	(4,303)
Net cash paid for acquisition of business		(11,365)	-
Proceeds from the sale of buildings and equipment		4,148	2,336
Net cash used in investing activities		(8,936)	(1,967)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from lines of credit		-	1,339
Payments on lines of credit		-	(1,149)
Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt		11,000	
Payments on vendor-financed capital expenditures		(962)	(571)
Payments on capital lease obligation		(586)	-
Payments on long-term debt		(4,310)	(7,565)
Debt issuance costs		(133)	-
Proceeds from common stock issued		21	405
Excess tax benefit related to stock options exercised			21
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		5,030	(7,520)
Townson in such and such assimption		10.005	F 001
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		10,895	5,331
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		4,914	10,169
Cash and each aguivalants at and of namind	\$	15 900	15 500
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	ə	15,809	15,500
Free Cash Flow (1)	\$	15,682	12,301
(1) Free Cash Flow reconciliation is as follows:		3rd Qtr	3rd Qtr
		FY 2009	FY 2008
A) Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	14,801	14,818
B) Minus: Capital Expenditures	Ŷ	(1,719)	(4,303)
C) Add: Proceeds from the sale of buildings and equipment		4,148	2,336
D) Minus: Payments on vendor-financed capital expenditures		(962)	(571)
E) Minus: Payments on capital lease obligation		(586)	-
F) Add: Excess tax benefit related to stock options exercised		· _	21
	\$	15,682	12,301
			·

CULP, INC. FINANCIAL INFORMATION RELEASE STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS BY SEGMENT FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED FEBRUARY 1, 2009 AND JANUARY 27, 2008

(Amounts in thousands)

			THREE M	IONTHS ENDED (UNAUD	ITED)			
		Amou	nts		Percent of Total Sales			
Net Sales by Segment		February 1, 2009	January 27, 2008	% Over (Under)	February 1, 2009	January 27, 2008		
Mattress Fabrics Upholstery Fabrics	\$	25,198 19,394	30,880 29,602	(18.4) % (34.5) %	56.5 % 43.5 %	51.1 % 48.9 %		
Net Sales	\$	44,592	60,482	(26.3) %	100.0 %	100.0 %		
Gross Profit by Segment					Gross Profit M	largin		
Mattress Fabrics Upholstery Fabrics	\$	4,176 1,931	4,200 3,181	(0.6) % (39.3) %	16.6 % 10.0 %	13.6 % 10.7 %		
Subtotal		6,107	7,381	(17.3) %	13.7 %	12.2 %		
Loss on impairment of equipment Restructuring related charges		(358)	(256) (349)	(100.0) % 2.6 %	0.0 % (0.8) %	(0.4) % (0.6) %		
Gross Profit	\$	5,749	6,776	(15.2) %	12.9 %	11.2 %		
Selling, General and Administrative expenses by Segme	nt				Percent of S	ales		
Mattress Fabrics	\$	1,941	1,571	23.6 %	7.7 %	5.1 %		
Upholstery Fabrics Unallocated Corporate		1,880 838	2,787 746	(32.5) %	9.7 % 1.9 %	9.4 % 1.2 %		
Unanocated Corporate		4,659	5,104	<u> 12.3 %</u> (8.7) %	10.4 %	1.2 % 8.4 %		
Restructuring related charges		17	13	30.8 %	0.0 %	0.0 %		
Selling, General and Administrative expenses	\$	4,676	5,117	(8.6) %	10.5 %	8.5 %		
Operating Income (loss) by Segment					Operating Income (L	oss) Margin		
Mattress Fabrics	\$	2,235	2,628	(15.0) %	8.9 %	8.5 %		
Upholstery Fabrics		51	395	(87.1) %	0.3 %	1.3 %		
Unallocated Corporate Subtotal		(838) 1,448	(746) 2,277	<u>12.3 %</u> (36.4) %	(1.9) % 3.2 %	(1.2) %		
Loss on impairment of equipment		-	(256)	(100.0) %	0.0 %	(0.4) %		
Restructuring expense and restructuring related charges		(777)	(774)	0.4 %	(1.7) %	(1.3) %		
Operating income	\$	671	1,247	46.2 %	1.5 %	2.1 %		
Depreciation by Segment								
Mattress Fabrics	\$	941	874	7.7 %				
Upholstery Fabrics		92	497	(81.5) %				
Total Depreciation		1,033	1,371	(24.7) %				

Notes:

See Page 6 for detailed explanations of restructuring and related charges and loss on impairment of equipment.

CULP, INC. FINANCIAL INFORMATION RELEASE STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS BY SEGMENT FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED FEBRUARY 1, 2009 AND JANUARY 27, 2008

(Amounts in thousands)

F	Amour						
F		nts		Percent of Total Sales			
	ebruary 1, 2009	January 27, 2008	% Over (Under)	February 1, 2009	January 27, 2008		
\$	88,808 67,368	103,426 86,622	(14.1) % (22.2) %	56.9 % 43.1 %	54.4 % 45.6 %		
\$	156,176	190,048	(17.8) %	100.0 %	100.0 %		
_				Gross Profit M	largin		
\$	15,603 4,277	16,043 9,922	(2.7) % (56.9) %	17.6 % 6.3 %	15.5 % 11.5 % 13.7 %		
	-	(256)	(100.0) %	0.0 %	(0.1) %		
\$	(3,583)	24,254	(32.8) %	10.4 %	(0.8) %		
				Percent of S	ales		
_	= 000	5 550		-			
۵ 	5,902 6,444 2,131	8,877 2,554	(27.4) % (16.6) %	6.6 % 9.6 % 1.4 %	5.6 % 10.2 % 1.3 %		
	14,477	17,210	(15.9) %	9.3 %	9.1 %		
	21	65	(67.7) %	0.0 %	0.0 %		
\$	14,498	17,275	(16.1) %	9.3 %	9.1 %		
_				Operating Income (L	.oss) Margin		
\$	9,702 (2,168) (2,131) 5,403	10,264 1,045 (2,554) 8,755	(5.5) % (307.5) % (16.6) % (38.3) %	10.9 % (3.2) % (1.4) % 3.5 %	9.9 % 1.2 % (1.3) % 4.6 %		
	- (13,042)	(256) (2,279)	(100.0) % 472.3 %	0.0 % (8.4) %	(0.1) % (1.2) %		
\$	(7,639)	6,220	N.M.	(4.9) %	3.3 %		
\$	2,617 1,049 3,666 2,090 5,756	2,668 1,596 4,264 - 4,264	(1.9) % (34.3) % (14.0) % 100.0 % 35.0 %				
	s s s s s s	$\begin{array}{c} & 67,368 \\ \hline \\ \$ & 156,176 \\ \hline \\ \$ & 15,603 \\ \hline \\ 4,277 \\ \hline \\ 19,880 \\ \hline \\ \\ \hline \\ \$ & (3,583) \\ \$ & 16,297 \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \$ & 16,297 \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \$ & 16,297 \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \$ & 16,297 \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \$ & 16,297 \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \$ & 16,297 \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \$ & 16,297 \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \$ & 16,297 \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \$ & 16,297 \\ \hline \\ $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	67,368 $86,622$ (22.2) % \$ 156,176 190,048 (17.8) % \$ 15,603 16,043 (2.7) % $4,277$ 9,922 (56,9) % 19,880 25,965 (23.4) % . . (255) (100.0) % . . . (255) (100.0) % . . . (255) (100.0) % \$ 16,297 24,254 (32.8) % \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ <td>67,368 86,622 (22.2) % 43.1 % \$ 156,176 190,048 (17.8) % 100.0 % \$ 15,603 16,043 (2.7) % 63 % \$ 4,277 9,922 (56.9) % 63 % \$ - (25.6) (23.4) % 12.7 % - (256) (100.0) % 0.0 % \$ 16,297 24,254 (32.8) % 10.4 % \$ 16,297 24,254 (32.8) % 10.4 % \$ 5,5002 5,779 2.1 % 6.6 % \$ 4,447 17,210 (15.9) % 9.3 % 21 65 (67.7) % 0.0 % 9.5 % \$ 14,477 17,210 (15.9) % 9.3 % - (21.30) $(2,753)$ (16.1) % 9.3 % - (21.6) (30.75) % (32.9) % $(2,181)$ <td< td=""></td<></td>	67,368 86,622 (22.2) % 43.1 % \$ 156,176 190,048 (17.8) % 100.0 % \$ 15,603 16,043 (2.7) % 63 % \$ 4,277 9,922 (56.9) % 63 % \$ - (25.6) (23.4) % 12.7 % - (256) (100.0) % 0.0 % \$ 16,297 24,254 (32.8) % 10.4 % \$ 16,297 24,254 (32.8) % 10.4 % \$ 5,5002 5,779 2.1 % 6.6 % \$ 4,447 17,210 (15.9) % 9.3 % 21 65 (67.7) % 0.0 % 9.5 % \$ 14,477 17,210 (15.9) % 9.3 % - (21.30) $(2,753)$ (16.1) % 9.3 % - (21.6) (30.75) % (32.9) % $(2,181)$ <td< td=""></td<>		

Notes:

See page 7 for detailed explanations of restructuring and related charges and loss on impairment of equipment.

CULP, INC. FINANCIAL INFORMATION RELEASE PROFORMA CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED FEBRUARY 1, 2009 AND JANUARY 27, 2008 (Unaudited)

(Amounts in Thousands, Except for Per Share Data)

THREE MONTHS ENDED

	A Repo Febru 1 200	orted uary ,	% of Sales	Adjustments	% of Sales		February 1, 2009 Proforma Net of Adjustments	% of Sales	As Reported January 27, 2008	% of Sales	Adjustments	% of Sales		January 27, 2008 Proforma Net of Adjustments	% of Sales	Proforma % Over (Under)
Net sales	5 4 4,	,592	100.0%	-			44,592	100.0%	60,482	100.0%	-			60,482	100.0%	-26.3%
Cost of sales	38,	,843	87.1%	(358)	-0.8%	(1)	38,485	86.3%	53,706	88.8%	(349)	-0.6%	(3)	53,357	88.2%	-27.9%
Gross profit	5,	,749	12.9%	(358)	-0.8%		6,107	13.7%	6,776	11.2%	(349)	-0.6%		7,125	11.8%	-14.3%
Selling, general and administrative expenses Restructuring expense		,676 402	10.5% 0.9%	(17) (402)	0.0% -0.9%	(1) (2)	4,659	10.4% 0.0%	5,117 412	8.5% 0.7%	(13) (412)	0.0% -0.7%	(3) (4)	5,104	8.4% 0.0%	-8.7% 0.0%
Income from operations		671	1.5%	(777)	-1.7%		1,448	3.2%	1,247	2.1%	(774)	-1.3%		2,021	3.3%	-28.4%
Interest expense Interest income		646 (20)	1.4% 0.0%	-	0.0% 0.0%		646 (20)	1.4% 0.0%	753 (77)	1.2% -0.1%	-	0.0% 0.0%		753 (77)	1.2% -0.1%	-14.2% -74.0%
Other expense (income)		28	0.1%	-	0.0%		28	0.1%	(72)	-0.1%	-	0.0%		(72)	-0.1%	-138.9%
Income before income taxes	6	17	0.0%	(777)	-1.7%	(5)	794	1.8%	643	1.1%	(774)	-1.3%	(6)	1,417	2.3%	-44.0%

Notes:

The \$358 restructuring related charge represents \$322 for inventory markdowns and \$36 for other operating costs associated with closed plant facilities. The \$17 restructuring related charge represents other operating costs associated with closed plant facilities. (1)

The \$402 restructuring charge represents \$234 for lease termination and other exit costs, \$148 for write-downs of equipment, and \$20 for employee termination benefits. The lease termination and other exit costs of \$234 primarily relate to the sale of the company's corporate headquarters. The \$349 restructuring related charge represents \$218 for other operating costs associated with closed plant facilities and \$131 for inventory markdowns. The \$13 restructuring related charge represents other operating costs associated with closed plant facilities. (2) (3)

The \$412 restructuring charge represents \$238 for employee termination benefits, \$93 for a write-down of a building, \$68 for lease termination and other exit costs, \$57 for asset movement (4) costs, and a credit of \$44 for sales proceeds received on equipment with no carrying value.

(5) Of this total charge, \$273 and \$504 represent cash and non-cash charges, respectively.

Of this total charge, \$550 and \$224 represent cash and non-cash charges, respectively. (6)

CULP, INC. FINANCIAL INFORMATION RELEASE PROFORMA CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED FEBRUARY 1, 2009 AND JANUARY 27, 2008 (Unaudited)

(Amounts in Thousands, Except for Per Share Data)

NINE MONTHS ENDED February 1, January 27, 2009 As 2008 As Reported Proforma Reported Proforma February Net January Net Proforma % of % of of % of 27, % of % of of % of % Over 2009 Sales Adjustments Sales Adjustments Sales 2008 Sales Adjustments Sales Sales (Under) Adjustments Net sales \$ 156,176 100.0% 156,176 100.0% 190,048 100.0% 190,048 100.0% -17.8% 139,879 89.6% (3,583) -2.3% 136,296 87.3% 165,794 87.2% (1,455) -0.8% 164,339 86.5% -17.1% Cost of sales (1)(3) Gross profit 16,297 10.4% (3,583) -2.3% 19,880 12.7% 24,254 12.8% (1,455) -0.8% 25,709 13.5% -22.7% Selling, general and administrative expenses 14,498 9.3% (21) 0.0% (1) 14,477 9.3% 17,275 9.1% (65) 0.0% (3) 17,210 9.1% -15.9% 6.0% -6.0% -0.4% 0.0% Restructuring expense 9,438 (9,438) (2) 0.0% 759 0.4% (759) (4) 0.0% (Loss) income from (7,639) -4.9% operations (13,042) -8.4% 5,403 3.5% 6,220 3.3% (2,279) -1.2% 8,499 4.5% -36.4% 1,739 1.1% 0.0% 1,739 1.1% 2,380 1.3% 0.0% 2,380 1.3% -26.9% Interest expense 0.0% 0.0% -0.1% -61.9% Interest income (75) 0.0% (75) (197) -0.1% 0.0% (197) Other (income) (207) -0.1% 0.0% (207) -0.1% 625 0.3% 0.0% 625 0.3% -133.1% expense (Loss) income before income (9.096)-5.8% (13.042)-8.4% 3.946 2.5% 3,412 1.8% (2.279)-1.2% 5.691 3.0% -30.7% \$ (5) (6) taxes

Notes:

(1) The \$3.6 million restructuring related charge represents \$2.1 million for accelerated depreciation, \$1.4 million for inventory markdowns, and \$63 for other operating costs associated with closed plant facilities. The \$21 restructuring related charge represents other operating costs associated with closed plant facilities.

(2) The \$9.4 million restructuring charge represents \$8.0 million for write-downs of equipment and buildings, \$797 for employee termination benefits, and \$681 for lease termination and other exit costs.

(3) The \$1.4 million restructuring related charge represents \$920 for other operating costs associated with closed plant facilities and \$535 for inventory markdowns. The \$65 restructuring related charge represents other operating costs associated with closed plant facilities.

(4) The \$759 restructuring charge represents \$612 for lease termination and other exit costs, \$482 for write-downs of buildings and equipment, \$184 for asset movement costs, a credit of \$160 for employee termination benefits, and a credit of \$359 for sales proceeds received on equipment with no carrying value.

(5) Of this total charge, \$1.5 million and \$11.5 million represent cash and non-cash charges, respectively.

(6) Of this total charge, \$1.3 million and \$1.0 million represent cash and non-cash charges, respectively.